

Safety Data Sheet According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015). Revision Date: 08/21/2020 Date of Issue: 12/17/2019 Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. **Product Identifier**

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: 1500 Sanded Grout

105, 108, 110, 120, 130), 1539-0025-2 (100, 105, 108, 110, 115, 120, 130), 1540-0025-2 (100, 105, 108, 110, 115, 120, 130), 1578-0025-2 (100, 105, 108, 110, 115, 120, 130), 1588-0025-2 (105, 110, 115, 120, 130), 1589-0025-2 (100, 105, 108, 110, 115, 120, 130), 1590-0025-2 (100, 105, 108, 110, 115, 120, 130)

Company

NOR-1A0

(833)-254-9255

LATICRETE Canada ULC

PO Box 129, Emeryville, Ontario, Canada

1.2. **Intended Use of the Product**

Grout. For professional use only.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party 1.3.

Company LATICRETE International 1 Laticrete Park, N Bethany, CT 06524 T (203)-393-0010

www.laticrete.com

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number : For Chemical Emergency call ChemTel Inc. day or night: (800)255-3924 (North America) (800)-099-0731 (Mexico) +1 (813)248-0585 (International - collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

GHS-US/CA Classification

Skin Corr. 1C	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Carc. 1A	H350
STOT SE 3	H335
STOT RE 1	H372

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)

	GHS05 GHS07 GHS08
Signal Word (GHS-US/CA)	: Danger
Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA)	: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).
	H372 - Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure
	(Inhalation).
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe dust.

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P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. N	lixture
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Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	68.6 - 69	Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT RE 1, H372
Cement, portland, chemicals	(CAS-No.) 65997-15-1	10 - 30	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			STOT SE 3, H335
Calcium oxide	(CAS-No.) 1305-78-8	15 - 19	Skin Irrit. 2, H315
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Kaolin	(CAS-No.) 1332-58-7	2.6 - 2.7	Not classified
Limestone	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3	<= 1.3	Not classified
Silicic acid (H4SiO4), calcium salt	(CAS-No.) 10034-77-2	0.8 - 1.3	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
(1:2)			
Calcium sulfate dihydrate	(CAS-No.) 13397-24-5	<= 1.3	Not classified
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	(CAS-No.) 1309-48-4	0.8 - 0.82	Not classified
Silica, amorphous	(CAS-No.) 7631-86-9	0.13 - 0.14	Not classified
Aluminum oxide (Al2O3)	(CAS-No.) 1344-28-1	0.03 - 0.04	Not classified

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Silica, amorphous, precipitated and	(CAS-No.) 112926-00-8	0.01 - 0.04	Not classified
gel			
Boron oxide (B2O3)	(CAS-No.) 1303-86-2	0.01 - 0.03	Repr. 1B, H360
Carbon black	(CAS-No.) 1333-86-4	0.003	Carc. 2, H351
			Comb. Dust
Fluorine	(CAS-No.) 7782-41-4	<= 0.003	Ox. Gas 1, H270
			Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
			Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation), H330
			Skin Corr. 1, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335
Titanium dioxide	(CAS-No.) 13463-67-7	<= 0.002	Carc. 2, H351
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	(CAS-No.) 1309-37-1	0.0001 -	Comb. Dust
		0.001	
Chromium, ion (Cr6+)	(CAS-No.) 18540-29-9	< 0.00003	Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 1B, H350
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

** The actual concentration of ingredient(s) is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin sensitization. Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). May cause cancer (Inhalation). **Inhalation:** Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. The three types of silicosis include: 1) Simple chronic silicosis – which results from long-term exposure (more than 20 years) to low amounts of respirable crystalline silica. Nodules of chronic inflammation and scarring provoked by the respirable crystalline silica form in the lungs and chest lymph nodes. This disease may feature breathlessness and may resemble chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); 2) Accelerated silicosis – occurs after exposure to larger amounts of respirable crystalline silica over a shorter period of time (5-15 years); 3) Acute silicosis – results from short-term exposure to very large amounts of respirable crystalline silica. The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels. Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.

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Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns. Concrete may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Exposure of sufficient duration to wet concrete can cause serious, potentially irreversible damage to skin, eye, respiratory and digestive tracts due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. A skin exposure may be hazardous even if there is no pain or discomfort. Unhardened concrete is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Irritant dermatitis is caused by the physical properties of concrete including alkalinity and abrasion. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in concrete. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with wet concrete. Others may develop allergic dermatitis after years of repeated contact with wet concrete.

Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva. Concrete may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact with wet concrete can cause moderate eye irritation, chemical burns and blindness. Eye exposures require immediate first aid and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. May cause cancer by inhalation.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Quartz (silica) will dissolve in hydroflouric acid producing a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride. Calcium oxide reacts with water to form corrosive calcium hydroxide, with evolution of much heat. Temperatures as high as 800° C (1472 °F) have been reached with addition of water (moisture in air or soil). Portland Cement reacts slowly with water forming hydrated compounds, releasing heat and producing a strong alkaline solution until reaction is substantially complete.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products**: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Sulfur oxides. Metal oxides. Silicon oxides. Formaldehyde. Nitrogen oxides.

5.4. Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid generating dust.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

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6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Cautiously neutralize spilled solid.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May release corrosive vapors.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Avoid creating or spreading dust.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container.

Incompatible Materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum and ammonium salt.

Portland cement is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Grout. For professional use only.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Quartz (14808-60-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m ³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)

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Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (designated substances regulation-respirable
ontario		(Silica, crystalline)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline
Suskatene wan		(Trydimite removed))
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	300 particle/mL (Silica - Quartz, crystalline)
Cement, portland, chemica		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no achieves and
USA ALGIN	ACGIH I WA (mg/m²)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and
		<1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	5000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-respirable particulate)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	-	· ·
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³

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USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	25 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Kaolin (1332-58-7)		07
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and
		<1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica-respirable particulate)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter-
		particulate matter, respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)

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Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015). 4 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	30 mppcf
TUROIT	OEL I WA (IIIg/III)	
		10 mg/m ³
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (1		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m^3 (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (Calcium sulphate)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		3 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Calcium sulfate-inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable (Calcium sulfate)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta		
	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ 20 mg/m ³ (total)
British Columbia British Columbia		6;
	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (total)
	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (total) 10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (total) 10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 3 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (total) 10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 3 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
British Columbia New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica) 20 mg/m³
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica) 20 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica) 20 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ 20 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³) OEL TWA (mg/m ³) OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories Québec	OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories Québec Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories Québec Saskatchewan Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
British Columbia New Brunswick Nunavut Nunavut Northwest Territories Northwest Territories Québec Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³) OEL TWA (mg/m³) OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (total) 10 mg/m³ (total dust) 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)

Safety Data Sheet

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4) USA ACGIH ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable particulate matter) USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) 15 mg/m ³ (fume, total particulate) USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) 15 mg/m ³ (fume, total particulate) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (fume) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (fume) British Columbia OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (me, inhalable) British Columbia OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter) New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter) New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter) Nova Socia OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Nunavut OEL STEL (mg/m ³) 20 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Nunavut OEL STEL (mg/m ³) 20 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Northwest Territories OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Obter TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) 00 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Sakatchewan OEL TWA (mg/m ³)
USA ACGIH ACGIH chemical category Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ²) 15 mg/m ² (fume) particulate) USA IDIH US IDIH (mg/m ²) 750 mg/m ² (fume) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (fume), inhalable) British Columbia OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (fume, inhalable) Manitoba OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable particulate matter) New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable particulate matter) New Stoxatia OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable particulate matter) Nunavut OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable fraction) Nunavut OEL TWA (mg/m ²) 20 mg/m ² (inhalable fraction) Northwest Territories OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable fraction) Northwest Territories OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ² (inhalable fraction) Ontario OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Optimular (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) 0 Saskatchewan OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) Saskatchewan
USA OSHAOSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)USA IDLHUS IDLH (mg/m³)750 mg/m³ (fume)AlbertaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (fume)British ColumbiaOEL STEL (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (respirable dust and fume)British ColumbiaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (respirable dust and fume)ManicobaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)New BrunswickOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)New Joundand & LabradorOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)Nova ScotiaOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)NunavutOEL STEL (mg/m³)20 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)NunavutOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)Northwest TerritoriesOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)Northwest TerritoriesOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)OntarioOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)QuébecVEMP (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)SaskatchewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)YukonOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)SubschewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)SaskatchewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)SaskatchewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)SubschewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)10 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)SubschewanOEL TWA (mg/m³)6 mg/m³
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Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1) 20 mppcf (as measured by Impinger instrumentation (Silica) 2 mg/m³ (respirable mass (Silica)) USA ACGIH ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ USA OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³
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S mg/m³ (respirable fraction) Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³
Alberta OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³
New Brunswick OEL TWA (mg/m ³) 10 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
<1% Crystalline silica)
Nunavut OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³
Nunavut OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³
Northwest Territories OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³
Québec VEMP (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³
Saskatchewan OEL TWA (mg/m³) 10 mg/m³
Yukon OEL STEL (mg/m³) 20 mg/m³ (Al2O3)
Yukon OEL TWA (mg/m³) 30 mppcf (Al2O3)
10 mg/m³ (Al2O3)

Safety Data Sheet

Silica, amorphous, precipita	ted and gel (112926-00-8)	
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³ (total)
		1.5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (Silica - amorphous, precipitated silica and silica
		gel)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	6 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (Silica amorphous)
Boron oxide (B2O3) (1303-8	6-2)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	2000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
		0.1 mg/m ³ (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic
		hydrocarbons)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	1750 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	7 mg/m ³
08/21/2020	EN (English US)	10/21

Safety Data Sheet

Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	S.5 mg/m ³
Ontario		
	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Fluorine (7782-41-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.5 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	0.1 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	0.1 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	25 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3.1 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.6 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
Manitoba	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	0.5 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3.1 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.6 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	0.5 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	0.5 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	0.5 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	0.1 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	0.1 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	2 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Yukon	OELTWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-		- FF **
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH themical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)

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USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2.4 mg/m ³ (CIB 63-fine)
USA NIUSH		0.3 mg/m ³ (CIB 63-ultrafine, including engineered
		nanoscale)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	5000 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OELTWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
British Columbia	OELTWA (IIIg/III.)	3 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OELTWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Ontario	OELTWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ²) OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ² 10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
Quebec		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	30 mppcf
Такоп		10 mg/m ³
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37	1	10 118/ 11
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
		15 mg/m ³ (total dust (Rouge)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction (Rouge)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	2500 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge-total particulate
		(Rouge)
		3 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge: particulate matter
		containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-
		respirable particulate (Rouge)
		5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, dust and fume)
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge-particulate matter
		containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
		20 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)

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Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)	
		20 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)	
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable)	
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)	
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)	
		10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline	
		silica, regulated under Rouge-total dust)	
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)	
		20 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)	
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)	
		20 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)	
		30 mppcf (regulated under Rouge)	
		10 mg/m ³ (regulated under Rouge)	
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18	540-29-9)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 μg/m³	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Face shield.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Corrosion-proof clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles and face shield.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1.	Information on Basic Physical and C	hemical	Properties
Physi	cal State	:	Solid
Арре	arance	:	Varies
Odor		:	Not available
Odor	Threshold	:	Not available
рН		:	Not available
Evapo	oration Rate	:	Not available
Melti	ng Point	:	Not available
Freez	ing Point	:	Not available
Boilin	ng Point	:	Not available
Flash	Point	:	Not available
Auto-	-ignition Temperature	:	Not available

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Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	Not available
Specific Gravity	:	Not available
Solubility	:	Water: Insoluble
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Quartz (silica) will dissolve in hydroflouric acid producing a corrosive gas, silicon tetrafluoride. Calcium oxide reacts with water to form corrosive calcium hydroxide, with evolution of much heat. Temperatures as high as 800° C (1472 °F) have been reached with addition of water (moisture in air or soil). Portland Cement reacts slowly with water forming hydrated compounds, releasing heat and producing a strong

alkaline solution until reaction is substantially complete.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum and ammonium salt.

Portland cement is highly alkaline and will react with acids to produce a violent, heat-generating reaction. Toxic gases or vapors may be given off depending on the acid involved. Reacts with acids, aluminum metals and ammonium salts. Aluminum powder and other alkali and alkaline earth elements will react in wet mortar or concrete, liberating hydrogen gas. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Not expected to decompose under ambient conditions. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract. The three types of silicosis include: 1) Simple chronic silicosis – which results from long-term exposure (more than 20 years) to low amounts of respirable crystalline silica. Nodules of chronic inflammation and scarring provoked by the respirable

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crystalline silica form in the lungs and chest lymph nodes. This disease may feature breathlessness and may resemble chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD); 2) Accelerated silicosis – occurs after exposure to larger amounts of respirable crystalline silica over a shorter period of time (5-15 years); 3) Acute silicosis – results from short-term exposure to very large amounts of respirable crystalline silica. The lungs become very inflamed and may fill with fluid, causing severe shortness of breath and low blood oxygen levels. Inflammation, scarring, and symptoms progress faster in accelerated silicosis than in simple silicosis. Progressive massive fibrosis may occur in simple or accelerated silicosis, but is more common in the accelerated form. Progressive massive fibrosis results from severe scarring and leads to the destruction of normal lung structures.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns. Concrete may cause dry skin, discomfort, irritation, severe burns, and dermatitis. Exposure of sufficient duration to wet concrete can cause serious, potentially irreversible damage to skin, eye, respiratory and digestive tracts due to chemical (caustic) burns, including third degree burns. A skin exposure may be hazardous even if there is no pain or discomfort. Unhardened concrete is capable of causing dermatitis by irritation and allergy. Skin affected by dermatitis may include symptoms such as, redness, itching, rash, scaling, and cracking. Irritant dermatitis is caused by the physical properties of concrete including alkalinity and abrasion. Allergic contact dermatitis is caused by sensitization to hexavalent chromium (chromate) present in concrete. The reaction can range from a mild rash to severe skin ulcers. Persons already sensitized may react to the first contact with wet concrete. Others may develop allergic dermatitis after years of repeated contact with wet concrete.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva. Concrete may cause immediate or delayed irritation or inflammation. Eye contact with wet concrete can cause moderate eye irritation, chemical burns and blindness. Eye exposures require immediate first aid and medical attention to prevent significant damage to the eye.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Chronic Symptoms: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. May cause cancer by inhalation.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s) LD50 and LC50 Data:

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2500 mg/kg
Kaolin (1332-58-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3870 mg/kg
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	7900 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 15900 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2.3 mg/l/4h
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Fluorine (7782-41-4)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	185 ppm/1h

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Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
IARC Group	1	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)		
IARC Group	3	
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (112926-00-8)		
IARC Group	3	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
IARC Group	2B	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
IARC Group	2B	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
IARC Group	3	
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)		
IARC Group	1	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List	In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list.	
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - General: Not classified.		
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	50.6 mg/l
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	7600 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia)
Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 100 mg/l
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l
ErC50 (algae)	> 100 mg/l
NOEC (Acute)	> 50 mg/l
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel	(112926-00-8)
LC50 Fish 1	10000 mg/l
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	5600 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	100000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Danio rerio [static])
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	36.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
LC50 Fish 2	7.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
12.2. Persistence and Degradabili	ty
1500 Sanded Grout	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

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12.3. **Bioaccumulative Potential** 1500 Sanded Grout **Bioaccumulative Potential** Not established. Calcium oxide (1305-78-8) (no bioaccumulation) BCF Fish 1 Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9) BCF Fish 1 (no bioaccumulation expected) Not available

12.4. **Mobility in Soil**

12.5. **Other Adverse Effects**

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

- 14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
- 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport
- 14.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations 15.1.

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated
	exposure)
	Health hazard - Carcinogenicity
	Health hazard - Respiratory or skin sensitization
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
	Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Kaolin (1332-58-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Silicic acid (H4SiO4). calcium salt (1:2) (10034-77-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Limestone (1317-65-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1)

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Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (fibrous forms)	
Boron oxide (B2O3) (1303-86-2)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Ac	t) inventory	
Fluorine (7782-41-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ 10 lb		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
15.2 US State Pagulations		

15.2. US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Chromium, ion (Cr6+), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental	Female Reproductive	Male Reproductive
Queste (11000 C0 7)		Toxicity	Toxicity	Toxicity
Quartz (14808-60-7)	<u> </u>			
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	X			
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	Х			
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-	Х	Х		
29-9)				
Quartz (14808-60-7)				
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Kr	now List			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know	Hazardous Substance	e List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to	o Know) List			
Cement, portland, chemicals (65	997-15-1)			
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Kr	now List			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)				
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Kr	now List			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know	Hazardous Substance	e List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List				
Kaolin (1332-58-7)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Kr	now List			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List				
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to	o Know) List			
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (13397	7-24-5)			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know	Hazardous Substance	e List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to	o Know) List			
Limestone (1317-65-3)				

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	2013).
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental nazara Eist	
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (112926-00-8) U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Boron oxide (B2O3) (1303-86-2)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Fluorine (7782-41-4)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Chromium, ion (Cr6+) (18540-29-9)	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
15.3. Canadian Regulations	
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Compart northand chamicals (CE007.15.1)	

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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Kaolin (1332-58-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Calcium sulfate dihydrate (13397-24-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Silicic acid (H4SiO4), calcium salt (1:2) (10034-77-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Limestone (1317-65-3)
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Aluminum oxide (Al2O3) (1344-28-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (112926-00-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Boron oxide (B2O3) (1303-86-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Carbon black (1333-86-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Fluorine (7782-41-4)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest	: 08/21/2020
Revision	
Other Information	 This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidizing gases Category 1
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

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Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H227	Combustible liquid
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can, US)